



2016 - 2017 Academic Junior High Decathlon

Religion Super Quiz Study Guide

Answer Keys



2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Vocabulary Answer Key – Terms, People, and Places

Define the following terms:

1. **Vatican** - the Holy See; the central governing body of the Catholic Church; an ecclesiastical state (ix)
2. **Nazarene** - a title applied to Jesus; used to identify Christians in Jewish and Muslim traditions (x)
3. **clericalism** - policy of supporting the power and influence of the clergy in political or secular matters (xii)
4. **Penitential liturgy** - a communal celebration of Rites, Word, and Response designed to reconcile people and bring them back to the Sacrament of Penance (xvii)
5. **Holy Year** - also called a Jubilee; a year of forgiveness of sins and also the punishment due to sins; a year of reconciliation, solidarity, justice, hope, and commitment to serve God (xvii)
6. **Kairós** - Greek word meaning the right or opportune moment (6)
7. **Bride of Christ** - the Church (6)
8. **Encyclical** - a Papal letter, generally concerning Catholic doctrine, addressed to the church leaders who are in communion with the Holy See (7)
9. **Relativism** - The philosophical theory that value judgments, as of truth, beauty, or morality, have no universal validity but are valid only for the persons or groups holding them. (15)
10. ***in persona Christi*** - a Latin phrase meaning “in the person of Christ.” The Church teaches that priests ministers *in persona Christi*. (21)
11. **genuflection** – to bend the knee to the floor as a sign of reverence or worship (23)
12. **Angelus** - a devotional prayer at morning, noon, and night to commemorate the Annunciation (24)
13. **Ambrosian Rite** - a Catholic liturgical Western rite that has some significant differences (34)
14. **Caritas** - the Latin term for virtue and/or charity, often identified as one of the three theological virtues (60)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Vocabulary Answer Key – Terms, People, and Places

15. **Gnosticism** - The doctrines of various religious sects flourishing especially in the 2nd and 3rd centuries AD in the Near East, teaching that the material world is the imperfect creation of a subordinate power or powers rather than of the perfect and unknowable Divine Being, and that the soul can transcend material existence by means of esoteric knowledge. (64)
16. **converted pagans** - ancient people coming from neither Christian nor Jewish traditions yet came to believe in Jesus (67)
17. **Whited Sepulchers** - In the Gospel of Matthew a term used to identify hypocrites (68)
18. **the degradation of awe** - Pope Francis criticizes scholars of the law who are attached to the letter of the law but neglect love. (69-70)
19. ***Evangelii Gaudium*** - An Apostolic Exhortation of Pope Francis on the Proclamation of the Gospel in Today's World (72)
20. **works of mercy** - The Corporal and Spiritual Works of Mercy are actions Catholics perform to extend God's compassion and mercy. (97)
21. **Papal Bull of Indictment** - a formal announcement or proclamation from the pope of a jubilee, indicating its time, with the opening and closing dates and the main ways in which it will be implemented, and the intentions and the outcomes hoped for by the pope, who invokes it for the Church. (105)
22. **Holy Door** - Christ identified himself as "the door"; the Holy Door "...evokes the passage from sin to grace which every Christian is called to accomplish; to pass through the door from the outside of St. Peter's into the basilica is to pass from this world into the presence of God. (107)
23. **Door of Mercy** - Pope Francis has announced an opportunity for Catholics to obtain a plenary indulgence during the Year of Mercy by passing through a designated Holy Door during the Year of Mercy, or performing one of the corporal or spiritual works of mercy; and fulfilling the usual conditions of having the interior disposition of complete detachment from sin, receiving sacramental Confession and the Holy Eucharist, and praying for the intentions of the Holy Father. (107)
24. **Ecumenical Council** - a meeting of the bishops of the whole church convened to discuss and settle matters of Church doctrine and practice (109)
25. ***miserando atque eligendo*** - the motto on the Coat of Arms of Pope Francis which means "because he saw him through the eyes of mercy and chose him." (116)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Vocabulary Answer Key – Terms, People, and Places

- 26. **pilgrimage** - a journey to a sacred place or shrine; a long journey or search especially one of exalted purpose or moral significance (124)
- 27. **viator** - a traveler (124)
- 28. **indulgences** - a remission of punishment still due, especially in purgatory, for a sin that has been sacramentally absolved (143)
- 29. **Ark of the Covenant** - the chest containing the Ten Commandments written on stone tablets; the Hebrews carried the ark during their desert wanderings. (147)
- 30. **Divine Mercy** - God loves us and he wants us to recognize that His mercy is greater than our sins, so that we will call upon Him with trust, receive His mercy, and let it flow through us to others. Thus, all will come to share His joy. p. used throughout the book (148)
- 31. **Salve Regina** - the Latin term for “Hail Queen”; the most popular Marian antiphon (148)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Vocabulary Answer Key – Terms, People, and Places

Define the importance of the following places and people:

1. **Church of St. Anna** - a 16th century parish church in Vatican City (ix)
2. **Borgo Pio** - a historic residential area within the Vatican (x)
3. **Palmsola, Bolivia** - Pope Francis met with prisoners here. (39)
4. **St. Martha's House** - the residence of Pope Francis (63)
5. **Bishop of Rome** - the Pope; the leader of the worldwide Catholic Church (ix)
6. **Pontiff** - a synonym for the Pope (ix)
7. **Pharisees** - members of an ancient Jewish sect (x)
8. **Scribes** - a Jewish record keeper (x)
9. **Church Fathers** - generally the Apostolic Fathers taught by the twelve Apostles of Christ (xviii)
10. **John XXIII** - one of the most influential popes in recent history; served from 1958 - 1963; need Vatican II; canonized in 2014 (6)
11. **Paul VI** - served from 1963 - 1978; beatification began in 1993 and continues to this day (6)
12. **St. Augustine** - He is viewed as one of the most important Doctors of the Church, shaping many views, thoughts, and doctrine of the Church (6,31)
13. **John Paul II** - served from 1978 - 2005; canonized 2014; He meticulously and brilliantly developed themes during his service to the Church and the world. Among them; "The Culture of Life", "The Civilization of Love", "The New Evangelization", and many others. (7)
14. **St. Faustina Kowalska** - she received extraordinary revelations — or messages — from our Lord Jesus. Jesus asked Sr. Faustina to record these experiences, which she compiled into notebooks. These notebooks are known today as the *Diary of Saint Maria Faustina Kowalska*, and the words contained within are God's loving message of Divine Mercy. (7)
15. **Benedict XVI** - served from 2005 - 2013; taught that mercy is the core of the gospel message. (7)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Vocabulary Answer Key – Terms, People, and Places

16. **Fr. Gaston Fessard** - wrote about the subject of shame and the grace of shame according to St. Ignatius. (10)
17. **Fr. Carlos Duarte Ibarra** - an influential and early confessor of Pope Francis. (11)
18. **Venerable Bede** - an English monk and Church Doctor whom Pope Francis admires so much his Coat of Arms motto comes from a Bede homily. (11)
19. **St. Teresa of Avila** - cautioned against the vanity of self-sufficiency. (58)
20. **Scholars of the Law** - Scholars were safeguarding the law “out of love, to be faithful to God” however, “they were closed up right there,” and forgot all the ways God has acted in history. “They forgot that God is the God of the law, but is also the God of surprises.” (63)
21. **St. Ambrose** - “Christ is present in bestowing grace...” (64)
22. **Cathars** - a member of a Christian sect flourishing in western Europe in the 1100s and 1200s, whose dualistic belief, embracing asceticism and identifying the world as the creation of a satanic Demiurge, was condemned by the Church as heretical. (64)
23. **Pelagians** - Those who follow the theological doctrine that denied original sin and affirmed the ability of humans to be righteous by the exercise of free will. (64)
24. **St. Francis de Sales** - our faults give God the opportunity to be merciful. (70)
25. **Mother Teresa of Calcutta** - canonized 2016; her work went beyond all human expectations. (78)
26. **Nain** - the widow’s son; Luke 7; miracle of Jesus. (92)
27. **St. John of the Cross** - “in the evening of life we will be judged on love alone.” (99)
28. **Andrea Tornielli** - Vatican reporter; director of the Vatican Insider website; author. (title page)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

To the Reader: Francis's Vision

1. When did Pope Francis celebrate his first mass after becoming pope? **March 17, 2013** (ix)
2. What is the name of the parish church for the inhabitants of Borgo Pio?
the Church of Saint Anna (ix)
3. What excerpt from the Gospel of John did Pope Francis cite while celebrating his first mass as pope? **the story of the woman accused of adultery, who the Pharisees brought to Jesus for judgement** (ix)
4. What is the first and only step required to experience mercy? **to acknowledge that we are in need of mercy** (ix)
5. According to Pope Francis, "Jesus comes to us **when we recognize that we are sinners.**" (x)
6. When does the Lord tire of forgiving? **never** (xi)
7. What has characterized Pope Francis' first year as pope? **mercy** (xi)
8. What does society encourage us to do that leads to immoral behavior? **It encourages us not to recognize and assume responsibility for our actions.** (xi)
9. What is clericalism? **a policy of maintaining or increasing the power of a religious hierarchy** (xii)
10. What grave sins under the Law of Moses were punishable with death by stoning? **adultery, blasphemy, and idolatry** (xiii)
11. Does mercy erase sin? **No.** (xv)
12. What erases sin? **God's forgiveness** (xvi)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 1 – A Time for Mercy

1. Why does Pope Francis distrust his first reaction to an idea or proposal, relying, instead, on discernment and direction from the Lord? He admits that his first reaction is usually wrong. (5)
2. Pope Francis' message of mercy arose from his experience as a priest and confessor. (5-6)
3. Where did Pope Francis celebrate the World Day of Youth in 2013? Rio de Janiero, Brazil (6)
4. In declaring a time of mercy, Pope Francis believes that the Church is showing her maternal side to a wounded humanity. (6)
5. What is the meaning of the word *Kairos*? the best time and place for action (6)
6. Who opened the Second Vatican Council? Pope John XXIII (6)
7. Who wrote the encyclical *Dives in Misericordia*? Saint John Paul II (7)
8. What examples of mercy did Saint John Paul II institute as pope? the festivity of Holy Mercy, the works of Saint Faustina Kowalska, and Jesus' words of mercy (7)
9. What sacrament best exemplifies the love of mercy? the sacrament of Reconciliation (7)
10. What is the Latin root of the word *mercy*? misericordis (8)
11. What is the meaning of *misericordis*? opening one's heart to wretchedness (8)
12. Who wrote *The Dialectic of the "Spiritual Exercises" of St. Ignatius*? Father Gaston Fessard (10)
13. After confessing his sins to Father Carlos Duarte Ibarra, what did Jorge Mario Bergoglio (Pope Francis) feel? He felt welcomed by the mercy of God. (11)
14. What is Pope Francis' episcopal motto? miserando atque eligendo (because he saw him through the eyes of mercy and chose him) (11)
15. Who has served as inspirations of mercy for Pope Francis? Father Carlos Duarte Ibarra, Enrico Pozzoli, Pope John Paul I, and Father José Ramón Aristi (12)
16. What was Pope John Paul I's given name? Albino Luciano (13)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

17. Whose cross does Pope Francis wear to remind him of the message of mercy? **He wears the cross from the rosary of Father José Ramón Aristi** (15)
18. Why does Pope Francis believe that humanity is in need of mercy? **Because humanity is wounded, does not know how to cure its wounds, or believes its wounds cannot be healed.** (15)
19. What is Relativism? **The philosophical theory that value judgments, as of truth, beauty, or morality, have no universal validity but are valid only for the persons or groups holding them.** (15)
20. What is the "apostolate of the ear"? **a person who is willing to listen to a confessor's difficulties** (17)
21. If a confessor cannot absolve a person of his sins, what should he do? **Explain why absolution cannot be given, give a blessing instead of the holy sacrament, and show compassion.** (17)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 2 – The Gift of Confession

1. When priests forgive sin, they are acting *in persona Christi*. What does this mean? **Christ is present and acting through the priests.** (21)
2. Who served as a soldier in the army of the Holy Roman Emperor Charles V before serving as a priest and becoming a Catholic saint? **Saint Ignatius** (22)
3. In the Eastern Church, what is the traditional way a confessor welcomes a penitent? **The confessor puts his stole over the penitent's head and an arm around the penitent's shoulders) as a physical representation of acceptance and mercy.** (23)
4. Why does Pope Francis say that the confessional should not be a dry cleaner? **Sins are not stains that can be easily washed away, but a wound that needs care to be healed.** (26)
5. What is a grace that we should ask for because it makes us humble? **shame** (27)
6. When Pope Francis hears confessions, what does he try to do? **He tries to think about his own sins and need for mercy, to try to forgive a great deal.** (28)

Chapter 3 – Looking for the Smallest Opening

1. What does one need in order to obtain mercy? **a contrite, humble heart** (31)
2. According to Pope Francis, recognizing oneself as a sinner is a **grace**. (32)
3. Who wrote the novel *To Every Man a Penny*? **Bruce Marshall** (33)
4. When did Pope Francis experience God and become filled with wonder? **September 21, 1953** (34)
5. What is the legal rule of *in dubio pro reo*? **When there is doubt, decisions should be made in favor of the person being judged.** (35)
6. The fact that a person goes to the confessional is a testimony to **repentance and the desire for change.** (35)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 4 – A Sinner, Like Simon Peter

1. Who did Pope Francis visit during his 2015 trip to Latin America? **prisoners in Palmasola, Bolivia** (39)
2. To whom did Jesus say, "Tend my sheep"? **Simon Peter** (41)
3. What does Pope Francis think when he visits prisons to celebrate Mass? **"Why them and not me?"** (41)
4. Why are we sinner? **We are sinners because of original sin.** (42)
5. In what book of the Bible is the rebellion of Adam and Eve against God described? **The Book of Genesis** (42)
6. Why did Jesus allow himself to be tortured, crucified, and annihilated? **to redeem us for our sins** (42)
7. When is the hymn of Exultet sung during the liturgical year? **on Easter Night** (42-43)
8. What makes a penitent give a good confession? **reflection on his sins, and recognizing his wretchedness** (43)
9. What example does Pope Francis give of a person who acts as a Christian, but does not recognize sin? **a man who goes to Mass, prays, and reads spiritual writings, but then has an affair with his maid** (44)
10. What makes a priest a good confessor? **A priest needs to think of his own sins, listen with tenderness, pray to the Lord for a merciful heart, not "cast the first stone", and resemble God in his mercy.** (44)
11. What parable exemplifies mercy? **the parable of the Prodigal Son** (45)
12. In the parable of the Prodigal Son, how does the father of the son who squanders his inheritance act when his son returns to him? **The father embraces his son in an act of "overabundant mercy".** (45)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 5 – Too Much Mercy?

1. What is a typical human reaction to the parable of the Prodigal Son? **That the father should have punished his younger son for squandering his wealth and force his son to live with the servants.** (49)
2. What character in the parable of the Prodigal Son serves as an example of a human reaction to the father's treatment of his younger son? **the elder son** (49)
3. Why does the Church condemn sin? **The Church has to show the truth that some acts are sinful.** (50)
4. What scripture in the Bible expresses the infinite mercy of God with the word "...there will be more joy in heaven over one sinner who repents than over ninety-nine righteous people who have no need of repentance"? **Luke 15:7** (50)
5. How many times does Jesus say a person should be forgiven? **seventy times seven times (always)** (50)
6. What does Pope Francis mean by the "Church that goes forth"? **The Church must go outside and look for people where they live, suffer, and hope to deliver mercy to them.** (52)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 6 – Shepherds, Not Scholars of the Law

1. What prevents one from receiving mercy? One must recognize one's sins in order to receive mercy. (57)
2. What did Saint Teresa of Avila warn her sisters about? the vanity of self-sufficiency (58)
3. According to Pope Francis, one should not speak of injustice without thinking of all the injustices one has committed before God. (58)
4. A confession professed in a rote or formulaic manner lacks the quality of a good confession because the penitent is not well prepared or catechized, has not gone through a process of self-examination, and does not recognize the sins that have been committed. (59)
5. Why does Pope Francis enjoy hearing the confession of children? Children say what really happened and why they are wrong in their actions. (59)
6. What is one task of the Church to help those who have fallen into sin? To help people perceive that there is no situation from which they cannot get out. (60)
7. What did Pope Francis say during a press conference regarding his experience as a confessor to homosexual people? He said, "Who am I to judge?" (61)
8. What does the Catechism of the Catholic Church say about treatment of homosexuals? The Catechism says that they should be treated with delicacy and not be marginalized. (62)
9. What is the first attribute of God? mercy (62)
10. What does Jesus say to the woman accused of adultery? "Neither do I condemn you. Go, from now on do not sin any more." (63)
11. Who represents the principal opposition to Jesus in the name of doctrine? the scholars of the law (63)
12. Who wrote *De Abraham*? Saint Ambrose (64)
13. What did the Law of Moses state regarding the treatment of lepers? Lepers had to be excluded from the cities, cast out, and declared impure. (64-65)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

14. How does the image of the Good Shepherd relate to the love of God? **God will leave the flock to save one lost sheep because God desires the salvation of all men.** (65)
15. What example does Pope Francis give for the logic of the scholars of law? **the fear of losing the just and saved, the sheep already safely in the pen** (66)
16. What example does Pope Francis give for the logic of God? **the desire to save sinners, the sheep lost outside of the pen** (66)
17. What must a person avoid in order to care for those who need mercy? **judgment and condemnation** (67)
18. What does Pope Francis mean when he says that sinners need to find an open door? **Sinners need to find acceptance, not judgment, prejudice, or condemnation.** (68)
19. What analogy did Jesus use to define the hypocrisy of the scholars of the law? **Whited sepulchers** (68)
20. What does Chapter 23 of the Gospel of Mark say about the scholars of the law? **Matthew describes those who lay heavy burdens on others shoulders without helping with those burdens.** (69)
21. What does Pope Francis mean by the degradation of awe? **Pope Francis believes that clericalism, rigidity, and adherence to rules comes from a loss of the sense of awe for salvation through the forgiveness of sins.** (69)
22. Who said, "One does not feel inclined to think of oneself half a saint, half an angel, when one knows that one has committed serious faults"? **John Paul I** (70)
23. What are two examples Pope Francis gives for why people become distanced from the Church? **A woman who applied to the ecclesiastical tribunal for an annulment, but was told it would cost \$5,000 to receive the annulment and the parents of a baby who died before being baptized who were not allowed to bring their child's coffin into the church.** (71)
24. What is the title of the apostolic exhortation in which Pope Francis wrote, "A small step, in the midst of great human limitations, can be more pleasing to God than a life that appears outwardly in order but moves through the day without confronting great difficulties"? **Evangelii Gaudium** (72)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 7 – Sinners Yes, Corrupt No

1. What is at the root of true justice? **love** (78)
2. What saint dedicated her life to helping the elderly, ill, and poor in Calcutta? **Mother Teresa** (78)
3. What did Saint John Paul II say in his message for the World Day of Peace in 2002?
There is no justice without forgiveness and a lack of forgiveness could lead to an endless escalation of conflicts. (79)
4. How does Pope Francis reconcile the idea of mercy with criminals who commit serious crimes?
He calls for the end of the death penalty, rehabilitation of criminals, and helping ex-convicts find a place back in society. (79-80)
5. What is corruption? **Corruption is the elevation of a sin into a mental habit or way of living.** (81)
6. What makes a person corrupt? **A person who sins, but does not repent or recognize the need for help, and pretends to be Christian.** (81)
7. What is the title of the book Pope Francis wrote on corruption and sin? **The Way of Humility: Corruption and Sin** (81)
8. Who does Pope Francis give as examples of people who sin, but are saved from corruption?
Zacchaeus, Matthew, the Samaritan women, Nicodemus, and the good thief (82)
9. "Corruption is not an act but a **condition, a personal and social state in which we become accustomed to living.**" (83)
10. What does modesty safeguard? **truth, goodness, and beauty** (84)
11. Why does God never tire of forgiving us? **Because God is mercy and has infinite love for us.** (85-86)
12. What was the first miracle Jesus performed? **changing water into wine at the wedding at Cana** (86)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

13. What is symbolic about the water Jesus turned into wine? Jesus used the water used for ritual purification, showing that the impurities in ourselves may be transformed through Jesus and our sins washed away through grace. (86-87)
14. What did Saint Ambrose say in *De institutione virginis*? "The offense did us more good than harm, because it gave divine mercy the opportunity to redeem us." (87)
15. How can mercy be taught to children? through the stories of the Gospel and the parables, talking with them about mercy, and having them experience mercy (87)
16. What is the first school for children? the family (87)
17. What is the first school for mercy? the family (88)
18. Why is this the first school for mercy? It is in the family that we have been loved, learn to love, been forgiven, and learn to forgive. (88)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Chapter 8 – Mercy and Compassion

1. What is the difference between mercy and compassion? **Mercy is divine while compassion is the human act of suffering together and not remaining indifferent to the suffering of others.** (91)
2. Who did Jesus raise from the dead as a sign of compassion? **the son of the widow from Nain** (92)
3. What is needed to conquer the indifference that exists in the world today? **compassion** (92)
4. What does it mean to walk down the path of holiness? **to live in God's presence, being irreproachable, forgiving, and imitating his infinite mercy** (93)
5. How is the Christian message spread? **by embracing those in difficulty, the outcast, the marginalized, and the sinner** (93)

Chapter 9 – Living the Holy Year of Mercy

1. What should a Catholic do during the Holy Year of Mercy? **Approach the confessional with faith, upon his/her heart to Jesus, and be merciful with others.** (97)
2. What are the seven corporal works of mercy? **Feed the hungry; give drink to the thirsty; dress the naked; house the pilgrims; visit the sick; visit the imprisoned; bury the dead.** (98)
3. When we perform a corporal work of mercy, we follow the words of Jesus in Matthew 25:40 when he said, **"whatever you did for one of these least brothers of mine, you did it for me."** (99)
4. What are the spiritual works of mercy? **Advise those in doubt; teach the ignorant; admonish the sinners; console the afflicted; forgive offenses; be patient with annoying people; pray to God for both the living and dead.** (99)
5. What are the words of Saint John of the Cross? **"In the evening of life, we will be judged on love alone."** (99)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

Appendix

Bull of Indiction of the Extraordinary Jubilee of Mercy

1. How is the God of Moses described? **a God merciful and gracious, slow to anger, and abounding in steadfast love and faithfulness** (105)
2. Who did God send to the world to reveal his love for us? **Jesus** (105)
3. The mystery of mercy is a wellspring of **joy, serenity, and peace.** (106)
4. Mercy is the bridge that connects **God and man.** (106)
5. What does Pope Francis proclaim in the Bull of Indiction? **an Extraordinary Jubilee of Mercy** (106)
6. When did the Holy Year of Mercy begin? **December 8, 2015** (106)
7. On what feast day did the Holy Year of Mercy begin? **on the feast of the Solemnity of the Immaculate Conception** (106)
8. What will the Holy Door become during the Holy Year of Mercy? **a Door of Mercy** (107)
9. On the third Sunday of Advent, what did the Pope open? **the Holy Door of the Cathedral of Rome at the Basilica of Saint John Lateran** (107)
10. What did the Pope proclaim would happen at the cathedrals and shrines throughout the world as a visible sign of the Church's universal communion? **a Door of Mercy would be opened for the Year of Mercy** (107)
11. What is the importance of the date of December 8, 2015, in the recent history of the Church? **It is the 50th anniversary of the closing of the Second Vatican Ecumenical Council.** (108)
12. How did Saint John XXIII describe the Church at the opening of the Second Vatican Council? **The Bride of Christ, who shows herself a loving mother to all, patient, kind, compassionate, and full of mercy.** (109)
13. On what feast day and date will the Jubilee of Mercy close? **on the Solemnity of Christ the King on November 20, 2016** (110)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

14. According to the words of Saint Thomas Aquinas, what is a mark of God's omnipotence? mercy (111)
15. What Psalm repeats the refrain "For his mercy endures forever" after each verse? Psalm 136 (113)
16. What did Jesus institute as an everlasting memorial of himself and his paschal sacrifice? the Eucharist (114)
17. What are the signs Jesus works to benefit the sinners, poor, marginalized, sick, and suffering meant to teach? mercy (115)
18. What parables are devoted to God's mercy? the lost sheep, the lost coin, and the prodigal son (116-117)
19. What is the clearest expression of merciful love? pardoning offenses (118)
20. What must be let go in order to live a joyful life? anger, wrath, violence, and revenge (118)
21. What beatitude should be aspired to during the Holy Year of Mercy? "Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy." (118)
22. What is the foundation of the Church's life? mercy (119)
23. Who wrote the Encyclical *Dives in Misericordia*? Saint John Paul II (120)
24. In his second Encyclical, what did John Paul II credit with giving mankind mastery over the earth? the development of science and technology (121)
25. What is the Spouse of Christ? the Church (122)
26. Pope Francis asks the Church and its members to live the Jubilee Year in these words of the Lord: Merciful like the Father. (123)
27. What practice represents the journey each of us makes in life? pilgrimages (124)
28. A pilgrimage to reach a Holy Door during the Holy Year of Mercy is symbolic of the dedication and sacrifice required to reach mercy. (124)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

29. According to the Gospel of Luke, the measure you give will be the measure of what you get. (125)
30. How does the judgment of humans differ from the judgment of God? Humans only look on the surface, while God looks at the depths of the soul. (125)
31. What does it mean to refrain from judgment and condemnation? It means that one accepts the good in every person. (125)
32. What acts of mercy are summarized in the passage from the Book of Isaiah? Bring good tidings to the afflicted, bind up the brokenhearted, proclaim liberty to the captives, and freedom to those in captivity. (125)
33. What liturgical season during the Jubilee Year is a special time for prayer, fasting, and charitable works? the season of Lent (130)
34. What initiative will be celebrated in every diocese on the Friday and Saturday preceding the Fourth Week of Lent? the initiative of "24 Hours for the Lord" (132)
35. What sacrament is at the center of the "24 Hours for the Lord" initiative? the sacrament of Reconciliation (132)
36. Every confessor should receive the penitent as the father received his son in this parable: the Prodigal Son (133)
37. Who did Pope Francis grant the authority to forgive sins, even those sins normally reserved to the Holy See? priests who are part of the Missionaries of Mercy assigned by the Pope to go out and spread the mercy of the Church (134)
38. What does Pope Francis ask the Bishops to celebrate with their people? the Sacrament of Reconciliation (135)
39. What group of individuals does Pope Francis make a special invitation to conversion? men and women involved in criminal organizations and corruption (136)
40. What does not bring happiness and cannot be taken into the life beyond? money (136)
41. What does Pope Francis call a grave sin? corruption (136)

2017 Super Quiz Religion – *The Name of God is Mercy*
Chapter Review Questions Answer Key

- 42. What is needed to drive out corruption from personal and social life? prudence, vigilance, loyalty, transparency, and courage to denounce wrongdoing (137)
- 43. What is legal justice? that which is rightly due to each individual, in accordance with the law and civil society (138)
- 44. What is the justice of God? the faithful abandonment of oneself to God's will (138)
- 45. From where does salvation come? through faith in Jesus Christ (141)
- 46. What is God's judgment on all of us? the Cross of Christ (143)
- 47. What should be granted to destroy the residue of sin? indulgences (144)
- 48. What are two words that Islam used to describe the Creator? merciful and kind (146)
- 49. Who is the Ark of the Covenant between God and man? Mary (147)

About the Authors

- 1. What is Pope Francis' given name? Jorge Mario Bergoglio (153)
- 2. When and where was Pope Francis born? December 17, 1936 in Buenos Aires, Argentina (153)
- 3. When did Pope Francis become Bishop of Rome? March 13, 2013 (153)
- 4. What is Andrea Tornielli's job? He is a Vatican reporter, correspondent for *La Stampa*, and director of the Vatican Insider website. (153)
- 5. What works has Andrea Tornielli published regarding Pope Francis? a biography entitled *Francis: Pope of a New World* and *This Economy Kills: Pope Francis on Capitalism and Social Justice* (153)