



2016 - 2017 Academic Junior High Decathlon
Social Studies Super Quiz Study Guide



Social Studies Super Quiz Study Guide
created by Education Test Creators

Based on

The Penguin Guide to the United States Constitution
by Richard Beeman

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2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution Vocabulary List

Preamble of the Constitution

aspiration (21)

benevolent (21)

constitution (21)

ordain (21)

polity (21)

posterity (21)

preamble (21)

rhetorical (21)

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Article I, Section 1

bicameral (22)

moderate (22)

vest (v) (21)

whims (22)

Article I, Section 2

apportion (22)

arbitrary (24)

attain (22)

contradiction (24)

elector (22)

enumeration (22)

franchise (23)

indictment (24)

null and void (24)

requisite (22)

stipulate (23)

writ of election (23)

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Article I, Section 3

affirmation (25)

concurrence (25)

impeachment (25)

insulate (26)

liable (v) (26)

oath (25)

President pro tempore (25)

Article I, Section 4

lame-duck (27)

Article I, Section 5

adjourn (27)

compel (27)

dissemination (28)

encroachment (28)

expel (28)

quorum (27)

Article I, Section 6

compensation (28)

emolument (29)

felony (28)

immunity (29)

treason (28)

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Article I, Section 7

precipitate (30)

revenue (30)

veto (31)

Article I, Section 8

arsenal (32)

bankruptcy (31)

coin (31)

commerce (31)

copyright (33)

counterfeit (v) (31)

duty (n) (31)

excise (n) (31)

impost (31)

infrastructure (33)

insurrection (32)

letter of marque and reprisal (31)

magazine (32)

militia (32)

naturalization (31)

patent (33)

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Article I, Section 8

proponent (35)

prosecution (34)

repel (32)

securities (31)

sovereign (33)

tribunal (31)

Article I, Section 9

appropriation (36)

bill of attainder (35)

capitation (35)

ex post facto (35)

export (35)

migration (35)

sanction (37)

writ of habeas corpus (35)

Article I, Section 10

imminent (38)

tariff (38)

tonnage (38)

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Article II, Section 3

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Article III, Section 2

appellate jurisdiction (48)

enunciate (49)

judicial review (49)

original jurisdiction (48)

Article III, Section 3

clause (50)

forfeiture (49)

levy (49)

secessionist (50)

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Article IV, Section 1

faith and credit (50)

valid (51)

Article IV, Section 2

abolish (52)

complicit (52)

cornerstone (51)

discharge (51)

extradite (51)

jurisdiction (51)

render (52)

reprehensible (52)

reside (51)

Article IV, Section 3

construe (52)

leeway (53)

prejudice (52)

Article IV, Section 4

democratic (53)

hereditary privilege (54)

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Article V

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arduous (55)

compunction (55)

Prohibition (55)

ratify (54)

suffrage (54)

unanimous (55)

Article VI

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sanctity (57)

supreme (56)

Article VII

ratification (57)

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Amendment II

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Amendment III

quarter (64)

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probable cause (65)

warrant (65)

wiretapping (65)

Amendment V

capital crime (66)

double jeopardy (66)

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infamous (66)

litigation (67)

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plaintiff (69)

preponderance (69)

Amendment VIII

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Libertarian (75)

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Reconstruction (78)

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Amendment XV

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Amendment XVI

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arcane (84)

consequential (84)

consonant (85)

electorate (85)

successor (83)

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Amendment XXII

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Amendment XXIII

populous (87)

territory (88)

Amendment XXIV

imposition (89)

poll tax (88)

Amendment XXV

succession (91)

Amendment XXVII

agitation (92)

intervene (92)

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United States Constitution Review Questions

Preamble

1. What are the first three words of the preamble of the United States Constitution?
_____ (21)
2. In beginning the preamble of the Constitution with these three words, the framers of the Constitution emphasized that the authority of the federal government is derived from _____. (21)
3. What are the specific objectives of government stated in the preamble of the Constitution? (21)
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
 - d. _____
 - e. _____
 - f. _____
4. Does the preamble carry the force of law (set legal precedent)? _____ (21)
5. Does the preamble grant certain powers to branches of the federal government?
_____ (21)
6. What does it mean to "provide benevolent oversight to the polity"? _____

_____ (21)

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United States Constitution Review Questions

Article 1, Section 1

1. All legislative powers are given to the _____. (21)
2. Congress consists of a bicameral legislature, consisting of _____
_____. (21-22)
3. To what branch of the government did the framers of the Constitution give the most power? _____ (22)
4. What legislative body of Congress is considered to be the "lower house"?
_____ (22)
5. What legislative body of Congress was designed to be a moderating influence on the ideas of the population at large? _____ (22)

Article 1, Section 2

1. What are the qualifications for a person to serve in the House of Representatives?

_____ (22)
2. How long is a member of the House of Representative's term? _____ (22)
3. How are direct taxes apportioned among the states? _____
_____ (22)

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4. How are the number of representatives in the House from each state determined?

_____ (22)

5. What is the minimum number of representatives a state may have in the House of Representatives? _____ (23)

6. What body of government determines the qualifications for individuals who vote in elections for House representatives? _____

_____ (22)

7. What body of Congress has the power to bring formal charges of impeachment against federal officers? _____ (23)

8. How are vacancies filled in the House of Representatives? _____
_____ (23)

9. True or False – The president of the United States selects the Speaker of the House and other officers of the House of Representatives from its elected members. _____

_____ (23)

10. What three amendments to the Constitution helped to create a national standard for voting in federal elections? _____ (23-24)

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11. What was the "three-fifths compromise" contained in Article I, Section I of the Constitution? _____

_____ (24)

12. What amendment to the Constitution made the "three-fifths compromise" null and void? _____ (24)

13. When was the first official census of the United States population taken? _____ (24)

Article 1, Section 3

1. How many senators represent each state? _____ (25)

2. What are the qualifications for a person to serve in the Senate? _____

(25)

3. Who serves as president of the Senate? _____ (25)

4. How long is a senator's term in office? _____ (25)

5. When does the president pro tempore reside over the Senate? _____

(25)

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6. What house of Congress presides over impeachment trials? _____ (25)

7. Who presides over the impeachment trial of the president of the United States?
_____ (25)

8. Why does the chief justice preside over the impeachment trial of the United States president? _____
_____ (26-27)

9. What does the Constitution require for a federal official to be impeached?

(26)

10. The Senate is restricted from any judgment against an impeached federal official except for _____

(26)

11. May officials be charged and tried in a judicial court for crimes resulting in their impeachment? _____ (26)

Article 1, Section 4

1. What government body determines the date of senatorial elections?
_____ (27)

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2. What amendment changed the date of the assembly of Congress from the first Monday of December to January 3? _____ (27)
3. What is a lame-duck member of Congress? _____

(27)

Article 1, Section 5

1. How many members of each house of Congress must be present for a quorum? _____ (27)
2. How many members of a house of Congress must vote to expel a member of its house? _____ (28)
3. Does the Constitution require Congress to make a record of its proceedings? _____
(28)
4. What measures in the Constitution were established to prevent encroachment of the executive branch on the proceedings of Congress? The Constitution gave _____

_____. (28)

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Article 1, Section 6

1. Members of Congress may not be arrested for a crime except in cases of _____.
_____. (29)
2. May a member of Congress be arrested for libel or slander committed while giving a speech or during a debate in Congress? _____ (29)
3. Who pays the salaries of members of Congress? _____
_____ (29)
4. Why did some of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention oppose the provision to pay members of Congress for their service? _____

5. May a senator or representative hold a civil office while serving in Congress? _____
(29)

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Article 1, Section 7

1. What is the "power over the purse"? _____
_____ (29)
2. The Constitution gives the power to introduce revenue bills to the
_____. (29)
3. May the Senate amend revenue bills that originate in the House of Representatives?
_____ (29)
4. How many votes of what house are required to override a presidential veto?
_____ (29-30)
5. How long does the president have to either veto a bill or sign a bill before it
automatically becomes a law? _____ (30)
6. What is the one exception to the president's time limit to sign or veto a bill?

_____ (30)

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7. What are the Articles of Confederation? _____
_____ (30)
8. Other than a bill, what other acts of Congress require presidential approval before taking effect? _____ (30)

Article 1, Section 8

1. What are duties, imposts, and excises? _____
_____ (31)
2. May a state impose duties, imposts, or excise taxes on goods imported into its state?

_____ (31)
3. May a state print its own currency or pay a debt using its own currency?

_____ (31)
4. Who has the power to borrow money against the credit of the United States?
_____ (31)
5. What are standards of weights and measures? _____

_____ (31)

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6. What is the term for the legal right to exclusive use and control of an artistic or written work for a specific period of time? _____ (33)
7. What is the term for the exclusive right to use and control of an invention?
_____ (33)
8. What is the "commerce power"? _____

_____ (31-33)
9. Over time, the federal government has expanded the commerce power to include

_____ (33)
10. What branches of government may declare war? _____ (31, 34)
11. While the president is the commander in chief of the armed forces, what government body exercises the power to fund the military? _____ (32, 34)
12. What is an example of infrastructure? _____
_____ (33)
13. What is the "necessary and proper clause" of the Constitution? _____

_____ (34)

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Article 1, Section 9

1. Article 1, Section 9 of the Constitution stipulates those actions that the federal government _____. (36)
2. The Constitution prevented the Congress from banning the importation of slaves until what year? _____ (35)
3. In what year did Congressional legislation abolish the importation of slaves into the United States? _____ (36)
4. What is the writ of habeas corpus? _____

_____ (36)
5. The writ of habeas corpus may not be suspended unless _____. (35)
6. What is a bill of attainder? _____
_____ (37)
7. What is an ex post facto law? _____
_____ (37)
8. What amendment to the Constitution allowed Congress to enact a federal income tax? _____ (37)
9. May a federal government official keep a present from a foreign dignitary or foreign government? _____ (37)

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Article 1, Section 10

1. Article 1, Section 10 of the Constitution outlines those actions that the state governments _____. (38)
2. May a state exercise any of the following powers: make treaties, coin money, pass a bill of attainder, or grant a title of nobility? _____ (37)
3. What is a letter of marque and reprisal? _____

_____ (37)
4. May a state maintain a standing army or navy during a time of peace? _____ (38-39)

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Article 2, Section 1

1. The president is the head of what branch of government? _____ (41)
2. How long is the term of office for president of the United States? _____ (39)
3. Who may not serve as an elector in the Electoral College? _____
_____ (39)
4. How many electoral votes must a candidate win in order to become president?
_____ (39)
5. Who certifies the votes in a presidential election? _____ (39)
6. In a presidential election, if no candidate wins a majority of the electoral votes, who
chooses the president? _____

_____ (40)
7. What are the qualifications for a person to serve as president? _____
_____ (40)
8. Who takes over the office of the president if the president dies, is unable to discharge
the duties of office, or impeached? _____ (40)

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9. What is the oath of office the president swears when entering office?

(41)

10. What precedent did George Washington set that lasted until the presidency of Franklin D. Roosevelt? _____

(41)

11. What amendment to the Constitution officially limited presidents to two terms in office? _____

(41)

12. Does the Constitution provide for the formation of political parties? _____ (42)

13. What United States presidents were elected to office by the House of Representatives or by a decision of the Supreme Court? _____

(43)

14. If the vice president dies or vacates office before the end of his/her term, what amendment to the Constitution provides for the president to select a vice president, with the confirmation of the nomination by a majority of Congress?

(43)

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Article 2, Section 2

1. Who serves as commander in chief of the armed forces?
_____ (44)
2. As commander in chief, does the president have the power to send troops into armed conflicts? _____ (45)
3. Does the president have the power to officially declare war and fund troops to fight a war? _____
_____ (45)
4. For what crime may the president not grant pardons or reprieves? _____ (44)
5. How many senators must vote to ratify a treaty? _____ (44)
6. What federal appointments to office may the president make _____

_____ (44)
7. What government body must approve presidential appointments to federal offices?
_____ (44)
8. What cabinet positions did George Washington create to help administer the work of the federal government? _____

_____ (45)

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Article 2, Section 3

1. What is the State of the Union address? _____

_____ (46)
2. Who is responsible for enacting and executing laws created by the legislature?
_____ (46)

Article 2, Section 4

1. For what crimes may the president, vice president, or federal official be impeached?

_____ (46)
2. During what presidencies were impeachment proceedings initiated against the president? _____
_____ (47)

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Article 3, Section 1

1. The judicial power of the United States is vested in _____.
_____. (47)
2. For how long do federal judges and Supreme Court judges serve? _____
_____ (47)

Article 3, Section 2

1. The federal courts have jurisdiction over cases involving _____.
_____.
_____ (48)
2. What is original jurisdiction? _____
_____.
_____ (48)
3. What is appellate jurisdiction? _____
_____ (48)
4. The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction in cases involving _____.
_____.
_____ (48)
5. What is the power of judicial review? _____
_____.
_____ (49)
6. What Supreme Court case defined the limits and powers of judicial review?
_____ (49)

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Article 3, Section 3

1. Treason against the United States is defined in the Constitution as _____.
_____.
_____. (49)
2. A person may not be convicted of treason without _____.
_____.
_____. (49)
3. Does the definition of treason include the passing of state secrets to another nation?
_____.
_____. (50)
4. What is the doctrine of "constructive treason"? _____.
_____.
_____. (50)
5. What amendment gives protection to individuals who speak in support of treasonous acts, but do not commit acts of treason? _____.
_____. (50)

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Article 4, Section 1

1. What does it mean to give "full faith and credit" to each state? _____

_____ (50)

Article 4, Section 2

1. What is the "privileges and immunity" clause? _____

_____ (51)
2. If a person accused of a crime flees from one state into another, must the person be returned (extradited) to the state in which the crime occurred? _____
_____ (51)
3. Before the emancipation of slaves and abolition of slavery in the United States, did the Constitution require the return of escaped slaves to their owners? _____ (52)
4. What amendment to the Constitution made the return of run-away slaves null and void?
_____ (52)

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Article 4, Section 3

1. What part of the government is given the authority to admit new states into the union?
_____ (52)
2. Who must approve the creation of a new state within the borders of an existing state?
_____ (53)
3. Who must approve the creation of a new state from the merging of two existing states?
_____ (53)
4. Issues concerning the territories of the United States fall under the jurisdiction of
_____ (52-53)

Article 4, Section 4

1. What is a republican form of government? _____

(54)
2. May the federal government send troops into a state to put down uprisings without the consent of the state's government? _____ (54)
3. What was the Shays' Rebellion? _____
_____ (54)
4. Article 4, Section 4 of the Constitution promises to protect the states from _____
_____. (54)

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Article 5

1. Amendments to the Constitution may be proposed with the approval of _____.
_____. (54)
2. How many states must ratify a constitutional amendment for it to be enacted?

_____ (54)
3. What provisions of the Constitution may not be altered through constitutional amendment? _____

_____ (54)
4. Under the Articles of Confederation, how many states were required to ratify changes to the Articles? _____
_____ (55)
5. What amendment was adopted by constitutional conventions in $\frac{3}{4}$ of the states?
_____ (55)
6. The Bill of Rights consist of _____. (55)
7. Who proposed the amendments to the Constitution that created the Bill of Rights?
_____ (55)

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United States Constitution Review Questions

Article 6

1. Is the United States required under the Constitution to pay debt obligations incurred by the federal government under the Articles of Confederation? _____ (56)
2. What is the "federal supremacy clause"? _____

_____ (57)
3. Officials of both the states and federal governments are sworn to uphold _____ (57)
4. May a religious test be used as a qualification for becoming a government official or serving in public office? _____ (56)

Article 7

1. How many states were required to ratify the Constitution? _____ (57)
2. Was the Constitution ratification conducted by the state legislatures or by state constitutional conventions? _____ (57)

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United States Constitution Review Questions

Conclusion

1. On what day did the delegates to the Constitutional Convention approve the United States Constitution? _____ (58)
2. How many delegates signed the United States Constitution? _____ (58)
3. Who refused to sign the United States Constitution? _____
_____ (58)
4. Why did George Read sign the United States Constitution on behalf of John Dickinson?

_____ (58)
5. Who served as president of the Constitutional Convention?
_____ (58)
6. Who served as the secretary of the Constitutional Convention?
_____ (58)
7. What state had the most delegates sign the United States Constitution?
_____ (59)
8. Who was the only delegate from New York to sign the United States Constitution?
_____ (59)

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United States Constitution Review Questions

Introduction to the Constitutional Amendments

1. Supporters of the Constitution called themselves _____. (61)
2. What was left out of the Constitution that proved to be a critical flaw in gaining support for its ratification? _____ (61)
3. Why did the framers leave out a bill of rights from the Constitution? _____

_____ (61)
4. How many amendments did the First Congress send to the states for ratification?
_____ (61)
5. When did the ten amendments that became the Bill of Rights receive the approval of the necessary states for ratification? _____ (61)

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First Amendment

1. What rights does the First Amendment protect? _____

_____ (62)
2. The protection of religious freedom guaranteed in the First Amendment forms the basis of the separation of _____. (62)
3. What is the right to petition the government for redress of grievances? _____

_____ (62)
4. What is the "incorporation doctrine" of the Fourteenth Amendment? _____

_____ (62)
5. What was the Supreme Court ruling in *Schenck v. United States*? _____
_____ (63)
6. What gives the government the right to regulate (require permits) for planned protest marches? _____
_____ (63)
7. What are some common occurrences that do not support the doctrine of separation of church and state? _____

_____ (63)

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Second Amendment

1. What right does the Second Amendment protect? _____
_____ (63)
2. In 2008, what Supreme Court case ruling upheld the right of individuals to keep and bear arms? _____ (64)
3. In certain circumstances, does the government have the ability to limit the right to keep and bear arms? _____ (64)
4. What is an example of a limit placed on the right to keep and bear arms?

_____ (64)

Third Amendment

1. What act does the Third Amendment prohibit? _____
_____ (64)
2. Why was the Third Amendment important to the members of the First Congress?

_____ (64)
3. Does the Third Amendment allow the government to house troops in private homes during times of war? _____ (64)
4. The Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Ninth Amendments have been used to support protection of what implicit right guaranteed by the Constitution? _____ (64)

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Fourth Amendment

1. From what does the Fourth Amendment protect citizens? _____
_____ (65)
2. What is probable cause? _____

(65)
3. What are two examples of advances in technology that have increased the ability of police to gather evidence? _____ (65)
4. What challenges do these technologies present for federal courts and law enforcement?

_____ (65)
5. What legislation has significantly expanded the ability of government to carry out wiretaps and electronic surveillance? _____ (65)

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Fifth Amendment

1. What right is guaranteed by the Fifth Amendment? _____

_____ (66)
2. What is the exception to the right to be formally charged with a crime by a grand jury?

_____ (66)
3. What is a grand jury? _____

_____ (66)
4. Is a grand jury indictment required for criminal proceedings against a person in a state or local court? _____

_____ (66)

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5. What is double jeopardy? _____

_____ (66-67)
6. What is "taking the Fifth"? _____

_____ (67)
7. What fundamental rights may not be deprived without the due process of law?
_____ (67)
8. What is eminent domain? _____
_____ (67)
9. What is the government required to do in cases of eminent domain? _____
_____ (67)

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Sixth Amendment

1. What right is protected by the Sixth Amendment? _____

_____ (67)
2. The Sixth Amendment is considered the basis for _____
_____ (67)
3. The provision that a person has a right to a speedy trial prevents a person from _____ (68)
4. In what circumstances may a trial be moved to a jurisdiction other than the one where the crime was committed? _____

_____ (68)

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Seventh Amendment

1. What does the Seventh Amendment protect? _____
_____ (68)
2. What is a civil suit? _____ (69)
3. Who is the plaintiff? _____
_____ (69)
4. Who is the defendant? _____
_____ (69)
5. In a criminal case, what must the jury find to convict a defendant? _____

_____ (69)
6. In a civil case, what must the jury find to award damages to a plaintiff? _____

_____ (69)
7. Has the Supreme Court applied the incorporation doctrine to civil cases at the state and local levels? _____ (69)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

Eighth Amendment

1. What does the Eighth Amendment prevent? _____

_____ (69)
2. What is bail? _____
_____ (69)
3. In the American justice system, a person accused of a crime is presumed _____
_____ (69)
4. What measure is used to set bail for an individual accused of a crime? _____

_____ (69)
5. What measure is used to set fines and punishments? _____
_____ (69)
6. What argument is used by death penalty opponents who protest the use of the death penalty? _____
_____ (69 –
70)
7. How many states currently allow the death penalty? _____ (70)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

Ninth Amendment

1. What is the meaning of the Ninth Amendment? _____

_____ (70)
2. What are some of the rights of citizens that are implied, but not listed in the Constitution and amendments? _____

_____ (70)

Tenth Amendment

1. Powers not granted to the federal government in the Constitution and its amendments are reserved to the _____. (70)
2. What was the intent of the First Congress in writing the Tenth Amendment?

_____ (71)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

Eleventh Amendment

1. In the Eleventh Amendment, what right is reserved to the states? _____

_____ (72)
2. What is the exception to the Eleventh Amendment? _____

_____ (72)

Twelfth Amendment

1. What changes are made in the electoral process by the Twelfth Amendment?

_____ (72-73)
2. In the case of the failure of any presidential candidate to receive a majority of the electoral votes, what date is the time limit set for the House of Representatives to select a president? _____ (74)
3. Who assumes the office of the president if the House of Representatives fails to select a president by the time limit? _____ (74)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

4. In the case of the failure of any vice presidential candidate to receive a majority of the electoral votes, what house of Congress chooses the vice president?

_____ (74)

5. Why must a person serving as vice president meet the qualifications for the office of president? _____

_____ (74)

6. What political party practice makes the separation of the ballot for president and vice president obsolete? _____

_____ (74)

7. What was the first presidential election to be decided by the House of Representatives?

_____ (74)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

Thirteenth Amendment

1. What was abolished by the Thirteenth Amendment? _____
_____ (74)
2. What is the exception to the abolishment of slavery and involuntary servitude?

_____ (74)
3. When was the Thirteenth Amendment passed by Congress? _____ (75)
4. When was the Thirteenth Amendment ratified? _____ (75)
5. What event occurred in the United States between the passing of the Thirteenth Amendment and its ratification? _____ (75)
6. What is the meaning of the word *emancipation*? _____
_____ (75)
7. What power was granted to Congress in the Thirteenth Amendment? _____
_____ (75)
8. What congressional legislation exercised the power of the Thirteenth Amendment?
_____ (75)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

Fourteenth Amendment

1. What does section 1 of the Fourteenth Amendment grant? _____

_____ (75)
2. What is due process under the law? _____

_____ (75)
3. May a state take away the rights and privileges afforded to citizens of the United States?

_____ (75)
4. What compromise included in the Constitution was eliminated by section 2 of the Fourteenth Amendment? _____

_____ (75)
5. What punishment is provided for states that try to deny the right to vote to emancipated individuals? _____

_____ (76)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

6. Who is denied the right to hold a federal office, state office, or serve as a member of the military or as a voter in the Electoral College? _____

_____ (76)

7. Who has the power to vote to reinstate a person's right to hold public office?

_____ (76)

8. With section 4 of the Fourteenth Amendment, the United States refused to recognize or repay debts incurred during the Civil War by the _____. (77)

9. What power is granted to Congress in section 5 of the Fourteenth Amendment?

_____ (77)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions
Fifteenth Amendment

1. According to the Fifteenth Amendment, the right of citizens to vote shall not be denied or limited on account of _____ (79)
2. Who is charged with enforcing the Fifteenth Amendment through legislation?
_____ (79)
3. Were women granted the right to vote in the Fifteenth Amendment? _____ (79)
4. How did former Confederate states continue to curtail the voting rights of African Americans after the passage of the Fifteenth Amendment? _____

_____ (79)
5. What legislative act gave equal access to polling places to African American citizens?
_____ (79)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions
Sixteenth Amendment

1. What was established by the Sixteenth Amendment? _____
_____ (79)
2. Is the federal income tax apportioned among the states base upon population?
_____ (79)
3. In what court case did the Supreme Court rule that the federal government could not
levy a tax on the personal property of individuals? _____
_____ (80)
4. When did Congress pass the first legislation establishing a federal income tax?
_____ (80)
5. What is the current federal tax rate on the highest income bracket? _____ (80)

Seventeenth Amendment

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

1. What changes were made to the election process for senators by the Seventeenth Amendment? _____

_____ (80)
2. When a vacancy occurs in the senate, who may temporarily appoint a person to fill the vacancy until an election to fill the position is held? _____
_____ (80)
3. Who may call for a special state election to fill a vacancy in the senate _____
_____ (80)

Eighteenth Amendment

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

1. The production, transport, import, export, and sale of what item did the Eighteenth Amendment ban? _____ (81)
2. Did the ban imposed by the Eighteenth Amendment extend beyond state borders?
_____ (81)
3. The power to enforce the Eighteenth Amendment was given to _____
_____. (81)
4. Was a time limit for ratification set for the Eighteenth Amendment? _____

_____ (81)
5. The Eighteenth Amendment is the only amendment to the Constitution that seeks to restrict _____. (82)
6. Did the Eighteenth Amendment ban the consumption of alcohol? _____ (82)

Nineteenth Amendment

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

1. What did the Nineteenth Amendment grant? _____
_____ (82)
2. When was the Nineteenth Amendment ratified? _____ (82)
3. Did some states grant the right to vote to women before the Nineteenth Amendment was ratified? _____ (82)
4. What is suffrage? _____ (82)
5. Who was given the authority to enforce the Nineteenth Amendment? _____
_____ (82)
6. Did the Nineteenth Amendment meet with much resistance? _____ (82)

Twentieth Amendment

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions

1. What change did the Twentieth Amendment make? _____

(83)
2. On what day do congressional terms begin? _____ (83)
3. On what day do the president and vice president begin their terms of office?
_____ (83)
4. On what day is Congress required to assemble, unless by law a different day is
appointed? _____ (83)
5. If a president is unable to assume the office of the president on January 20th, who
becomes acting president? _____ (83)
6. What was required for the ratification of the Twentieth Amendment? _____

_____ (84)
7. Why was the Twentieth Amendment written? _____
_____ (84)
8. What is the term for a president who is serving the end of his or her term after a
successor to office has been elected? _____ (84)
9. Who assumes the office of the president if the sitting president and vice president die?
_____ (85)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions
Twenty-First Amendment

1. What amendment to the Constitution was repealed by the Twenty-First Amendment?
_____. (85)
2. The period of time during which the Eighteenth Amendment banned the sale, manufacturing, and transportation of intoxicating liquor is known as
_____. (86)
3. When the Twenty-First Amendment repealed the Eighteenth Amendment, it returned the regulation of liquor distribution and sale to the _____. (86)
4. The Twenty-First Amendment required ratification by _____
_____. (86)
5. The Twenty-First Amendment required ratification within how many years from its submission to the states for consideration? _____ (86)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions
Twenty-Second Amendment

1. What limit does the Twenty-Second Amendment place on the office of president?
_____ (86)
2. After the ratification of the Twenty-Second Amendment, how many terms may a president serve? _____ (86)
3. Who set the traditional precedent of only serving as president for two terms?
_____ (87)
4. Who served as president for four terms? _____ (87)
5. What is the maximum number of years a vice president who assumes the presidency may serve as president (assuming the vice president is reelected to office)?
_____ (86)
6. If the vice president serves out more than three years of a president's term, may the vice president be reelected to office for more than one term? _____

_____ (86-87)
7. How many state legislatures were required to ratify the Twenty-Second Amendment?

_____ (87)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions
Twenty-Third Amendment

1. The Twenty-Third Amendment gave the right to vote for electors in presidential and vice presidential elections to _____. (88)
2. How many electors represent the District of Columbia in presidential elections?

_____ (88)
3. At present, how many electoral votes are from the District of Columbia? _____ (88)

Twenty-Fourth Amendment

1. What did the Twenty-Fourth Amendment ban? _____
_____ (88)
2. What was the intent of the use of poll taxes in Southern states? _____
_____ (89)
3. What amendment did the Supreme Court cite in its ruling that poll taxes were unconstitutional and could not be used as a qualification for voting in state elections?
_____ (89)
4. What is the "equal protection" clause in the Fourteenth Amendment? _____

_____ (89)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution

United States Constitution Review Questions

Twenty-Fifth Amendment

1. What does the Twenty-Fifth Amendment provide? _____

_____ (91)
2. How many presidents have died in office? _____ (91)
3. Why does the Twenty-Fifth Amendment contain instructions to declare a president unable to discharge the duties of the office? _____

_____ (91)
4. Who may nominate a person for the office of vice president when there is a vacancy in the office? _____ (90)
5. Who becomes acting president if the president is temporarily unable to discharge the duties of office? _____ (90)
6. Who may declare the president unable to discharge the powers and duties of office? _____

_____ (90)
7. What other amendment to the Constitution deals with presidential succession? _____ (90)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – The United States Constitution
United States Constitution Review Questions
Twenty-Sixth Amendment

1. The Twenty-Sixth Amendment lowers the voting age to the age of _____. (92)
2. During what war was the Twenty-Sixth Amendment passed? _____ (92)
3. What was the argument made for changing the voting age? _____
_____ (92)
4. Who was given the power to enforce the Twenty-Sixth Amendment? _____
_____ (92)

Twenty-Seventh Amendment

1. What issue does the Twenty-Seventh Amendment address? _____
_____ (92)
2. When was the Twenty-Seventh Amendment first sent to the states for ratification?
_____ (92)
3. What was the motivation for passing the Twenty-Seventh Amendment, beginning in the 1980s? _____
_____ (92)
4. What does the Twenty-Seventh Amendment prevent? _____

_____ (92)

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – United States Constitution

Constitution Quiz

1. What are the first words of the preamble of the U.S. Constitution?
 - A. "When in the course of human events..."
 - B. "We the people of the United States..."
 - C. "Four score and seven years ago..."
 - D. "To be or not to be..."
 - E. "We hold these truths to be self-evident..."

2. The power to make laws is vested in the _____.
 - A. U.S. President
 - B. Supreme Court
 - C. executive branch
 - D. Congress of the United States
 - E. All of the above

3. What article of the U.S. Constitution creates the legislative branch of the government?
 - A. Article I
 - B. Article II
 - C. Article III
 - D. Article IV
 - E. Article V

4. How many congressmen must vote in favor of a bill to override a presidential veto?
 - A. Three-fourths of the House and three-fourths of the Senate
 - B. Two-thirds of the congressmen from the house in which the bill originated
 - C. Three-fourths of the congressmen from the house in which the bill originated
 - D. A simple majority of the House and Senate
 - E. Two-thirds of the House and two-thirds of the Senate

5. What is habeas corpus?
 - A. protection from unreasonable searches and seizures
 - B. the right against self-incrimination
 - C. the right that individuals may not be tried for the same crime more than once
 - D. the right of defendants to legal counsel
 - E. the right of a prisoner to challenge his charge of a crime in a court of law

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – United States Constitution

6. What requirements must a person meet in order to be eligible to run for or hold the Office of President?
 - A. natural born citizen
 - B. thirty-five years old
 - C. resident within the United States for fourteen years
 - D. All of the above
 - E. A and B only
7. The House of Representatives initiated impeachment proceedings against which of the following presidents?
 - A. Andrew Johnson
 - B. Richard Nixon
 - C. William Jefferson Clinton
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
8. On what date was the Constitution signed?
 - A. July 4, 1787
 - B. July 2, 1787
 - C. September 17, 1787
 - D. September 25, 1789
 - E. December 15, 1789
9. How many states were required to ratify the U.S. Constitution for its adoption?
 - A. seven
 - B. nine
 - C. ten
 - D. twelve
 - E. thirteen
10. Who served as the president of the Constitutional Convention?
 - A. James Madison
 - B. Benjamin Franklin
 - C. Thomas Jefferson
 - D. John Adams
 - E. George Washington

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – United States Constitution

Bill of Rights Quiz

1. The first ten amendments to the Constitution are also known as the _____.
 - A. Declaration of Independence
 - B. Articles of Confederation
 - C. Bill of Rights
 - D. Federalist Papers
 - E. Connecticut Compromise

2. Supporters of the Constitution called themselves _____.
 - A. Republicans
 - B. Democats
 - C. Whigs
 - D. Federalists
 - E. Tories

3. What amendment to the Constitution protects freedom of religion?
 - A. Amendment I
 - B. Amendment III
 - C. Amendment IV
 - D. Amendment VI
 - E. Amendment VII

4. What amendment to the Constitution protects freedom of the press?
 - A. Amendment I
 - B. Amendment III
 - C. Amendment IV
 - D. Amendment VI
 - E. Amendment VII

5. In the court case of *District of Columbia v. Heller*, the Supreme Court ruled that what amendment guarantees the right of individuals to own guns?
 - A. Amendment II
 - B. Amendment III
 - C. Amendment IV
 - D. Amendment VI
 - E. Amendment VII

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – United States Constitution

6. The government may not take private property for public use without _____.
 - A. due process
 - B. just compensation
 - C. judicial review
 - D. significant litigation
 - E. double jeopardy

7. When is the government allowed to quarter soldiers in private homes?
 - A. At any time it is necessary, without the consent of the homeowner
 - B. only during war, as prescribed by law
 - C. never
 - D. only in times of peace, as prescribed by law
 - E. when a state of emergency is declared

8. What must exist for a search to be legal?
 - A. witnesses to the person who is the subject of the search committing a crime
 - B. legal authority to conduct blanket searches
 - C. probable cause
 - D. a threat to public safety
 - E. None of the above

9. When were the ten amendments that form the Bill of Rights ratified?
 - A. 1787
 - B. 1789
 - C. 1790
 - D. 1791
 - E. 1795

10. What rights are guaranteed in the Sixth Amendment?
 - A. The right of the accused to be confronted with the nature of the charges brought against him or her.
 - B. The right to present witnesses in his or her defense.
 - C. The right to a speedy and public trial.
 - D. The right to have legal counsel in his or her defense.
 - E. All of the above

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – United States Constitution
Amendments 11 – 27 Quiz

1. What amendment includes the "equal protection of the laws" clause?
 - A. Amendment XII
 - B. Amendment XIII
 - C. Amendment XIV
 - D. Amendment XVI
 - E. Amendment XXI

2. What amendment eliminates the three-fifths compromise included in the Constitution?
 - A. Amendment XI
 - B. Amendment XII
 - C. Amendment XIII
 - D. Amendment XIV
 - E. Amendment XV

3. What amendment to the Constitution began a period in American history known as Prohibition?
 - A. Amendment XIV
 - B. Amendment XVI
 - C. Amendment XVII
 - D. Amendment XVIII
 - E. Amendment XXI

4. In what year did women receive the right to vote in federal elections?
 - A. 1804
 - B. 1865
 - C. 1868
 - D. 1870
 - E. 1920

5. Who did the House of Representatives select in the election of 1800 to be president after the electoral votes ended in a tie?
 - A. Aaron Burr
 - B. Andrew Jackson
 - C. John Adams
 - D. Thomas Jefferson
 - E. James Madison

2017 Super Quiz Social Studies – United States Constitution
Amendments 11 – 27 Quiz

6. In the case of a vacancy in the office of president and vice president, who becomes president?
 - A. the Speaker of the House
 - B. the president pro tempore of the Senate
 - C. the secretary of state
 - D. the secretary of defense
 - E. the attorney general

7. What is a lame-duck president?
 - A. a president who serves with a vice president from a different political party
 - B. a president who serves with a legislative body dominated by members of the opposing political party
 - C. a president who is serving out his term after his successor has been elected
 - D. a president who is in his second term of office
 - E. a president who does not win the popular vote in the election, but wins the electoral vote

8. What is the current voting age for federal elections?
 - A. eighteen
 - B. twenty
 - C. twenty-one
 - D. twenty-five
 - E. thirty

9. What amendment was sent to the states in 1789 for ratification, but did not receive approval from the states until 1992?
 - A. Amendment XXIII
 - B. Amendment XXIV
 - C. Amendment XXV
 - D. Amendment XXVI
 - E. Amendment XXVII

10. How many amendments have been made to the U.S. Constitution?
 - A. 10
 - B. 24
 - C. 27
 - D. 28
 - E. 30